

CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

**SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5055**

Chapter 13, Laws of 2021

67th Legislature  
2021 Regular Session

LAW ENFORCEMENT DISCIPLINARY GRIEVANCE ARBITRATION

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 25, 2021

Passed by the Senate February 18,  
2021

Yeas 41 Nays 8

DENNY HECK

**President of the Senate**

Passed by the House March 24, 2021

Yeas 60 Nays 38

LURIE JINKINS

**Speaker of the House of  
Representatives**

Approved April 7, 2021 3:39 PM

JAY INSLEE

**Governor of the State of Washington**

CERTIFICATE

I, Brad Hendrickson, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5055** as passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth.

BRAD HENDRICKSON

**Secretary**

FILED

April 7, 2021

**Secretary of State  
State of Washington**

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**SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5055**

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Passed Legislature - 2021 Regular Session

**State of Washington                      67th Legislature                      2021 Regular Session**

**By** Senate Labor, Commerce & Tribal Affairs (originally sponsored by Senators Nguyen, Saldaña, Billig, Darneille, Das, Hunt, Keiser, Kuderer, Liias, Lovelett, Nobles, Stanford, and Wilson, C.)

READ FIRST TIME 02/04/21.

1            AN    ACT    Relating   to    establishing   a    statewide   roster   for  
2    arbitrating   law   enforcement   personnel   disciplinary   grievances   and  
3    publishing   their   decisions;   amending   RCW   41.56.122,   41.56.125,  
4    41.56.905,   36.65.050,   41.80.020,   and   41.80.030;   reenacting   and  
5    amending   RCW   41.56.030;   and   adding   a   new   section   to   chapter   41.58  
6    RCW.

7    BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

8            NEW SECTION.    **Sec. 1.**    A new section is added to chapter 41.58  
9    RCW to read as follows:

10            (1) For the purposes of this section, the definitions in this  
11    subsection have the meanings given them.

12            (a) "Employer" means a political subdivision or law enforcement  
13    agency employing law enforcement personnel.

14            (b) (i) "Law enforcement personnel" means:

15            (A) Any individual employed, hired, or otherwise commissioned to  
16    enforce criminal laws by any municipal, county, or state agency or  
17    department, or combination thereof, that has, as its primary  
18    function, the enforcement of criminal laws in general, rather than  
19    the implementation or enforcement of laws related to specialized  
20    subject matter areas. For the purposes of this subsection (1)(b),

1 officers employed, hired, or otherwise commissioned by the department  
2 of fish and wildlife are considered law enforcement personnel.

3 (B) Corrections officers and community corrections officers  
4 employed by the department of corrections.

5 (ii) "Law enforcement personnel" does not include any individual  
6 hired as an attorney to prosecute or litigate state or local criminal  
7 laws or ordinances, nor any civilian individuals hired to do  
8 administrative work.

9 (iii) For the purposes of this subsection (1)(b), "primary  
10 function" means that function to which the greater allocation of  
11 resources is made.

12 (c) "Disciplinary grievance" means a dispute or disagreement  
13 regarding any disciplinary action, discharge, or termination decision  
14 arising under a collective bargaining agreement covering law  
15 enforcement personnel.

16 (d) "Grievance arbitration" means binding arbitration of a  
17 disciplinary grievance under the grievance procedures established in  
18 a collective bargaining agreement covering law enforcement personnel.

19 (2)(a) The arbitrator selection procedure established under this  
20 section applies to all grievance arbitrations for disciplinary  
21 actions, discharges, or terminations of law enforcement personnel  
22 which are heard on or after January 1, 2022.

23 (b)(i) The grievance procedures for all collective bargaining  
24 agreements covering law enforcement personnel negotiated or renewed  
25 on or after January 1, 2022, must include the arbitrator selection  
26 procedure established in this section if the collective bargaining  
27 agreement provides for arbitration as a means of resolving grievances  
28 for disciplinary actions, discharges, or terminations.

29 (ii) The provisions of grievance procedures governing the appeal  
30 of disciplinary grievances in collective bargaining agreements  
31 covering law enforcement personnel negotiated or renewed prior to  
32 January 1, 2022, that provide for arbitration but do not contain the  
33 arbitrator selection procedures established in this section expire  
34 upon the expiration date of the collective bargaining agreement and  
35 may not be extended or rolled over beyond the expiration date of the  
36 collective bargaining agreement.

37 (c) This section does not require any party to a collective  
38 bargaining agreement in existence on the effective date of this  
39 section to reopen negotiations of the agreement or to apply any of  
40 the rights and responsibilities under this act unless and until the

1 existing agreement is reopened or renegotiated by the parties or  
2 expires.

3 (3) All fees charged by arbitrators under this section must be in  
4 accordance with a schedule of fees established by the commission on  
5 an annual basis. The parties are responsible for paying the  
6 arbitrator's fees as set forth in the parties' negotiated fee-sharing  
7 provisions of their collective bargaining agreement or, in the  
8 absence of contractual fee-sharing provisions, shall be borne equally  
9 by the parties.

10 (4) The commission must appoint a roster of a minimum of nine  
11 persons and a maximum of 18 persons suited and qualified by training  
12 and experience to act as arbitrators for law enforcement personnel  
13 grievance arbitrations under this section.

14 (a) The commission may only consider appointing persons who  
15 possess:

16 (i) A minimum of six years' experience as a full-time labor  
17 relations advocate and who has been the principal representative of  
18 either labor or management in at least 10 arbitration proceedings;

19 (ii) A minimum of six years' experience as a full-time labor  
20 mediator with substantial mediation experience;

21 (iii) A minimum of six years' experience as an arbitrator and who  
22 has decided at least 10 cases involving collective bargaining  
23 disputes; or

24 (iv) A minimum of six years' experience as a practitioner or  
25 full-time instructor of labor law or industrial relations, including  
26 substantial content in the area of collective bargaining, labor  
27 agreements, and contract administration.

28 (b) In making these appointments, and as applicable, the  
29 commission must consider these factors:

30 (i) A candidate's familiarity, experience, and technical and  
31 theoretical understanding of and experience with labor law, the  
32 grievance process, and the field of labor arbitration;

33 (ii) A candidate's ability and willingness to travel through the  
34 state, conduct hearings in a fair and impartial manner, analyze and  
35 evaluate testimony and exhibits, write clear and concise awards in a  
36 timely manner, and be available for hearings within a reasonable time  
37 after the request of the parties;

38 (iii) A candidate's experience and training in cultural  
39 competency, racism, implicit bias, and recognizing and valuing  
40 community diversity and cultural differences; and

1 (iv) A candidate's familiarity and experience with the law  
2 enforcement profession, including ride-alongs with on-duty officers,  
3 participation in a citizen's academy conducted by a law enforcement  
4 agency, or other activities that provide exposure to the  
5 environments, choices, and judgments required by officers in the  
6 field.

7 (5) The appointments are effective immediately upon selection by  
8 the commission. Except for appointments subject to subsection (6) of  
9 this section, appointments are for three years to expire on the first  
10 Monday in January.

11 (6) The commission must make at least three of the initial  
12 appointments to the roster of arbitrators for terms to expire on the  
13 first Monday in January 2024, at least three of the appointments for  
14 terms to expire on the first Monday in January 2025, and at least  
15 three of the appointments for terms to expire on the first Monday in  
16 January 2026. The initial terms of arbitrators appointed under this  
17 subsection may be for longer than three years.

18 (7) Subsequent appointments to the roster of arbitrators must be  
19 for three-year terms to expire on the first Monday in January, with  
20 the terms of no more than three arbitrators to expire in the same  
21 year.

22 (8) Nothing in this section prevents roster arbitrators from  
23 issuing decisions, or retaining jurisdiction to address issues  
24 relating to remedy, after the expiration of their term, if the  
25 arbitration hearing occurred during the term of their appointment.

26 (9) An arbitrator may be reappointed to the roster upon  
27 expiration of the arbitrator's term. If the arbitrator is not  
28 reappointed, the arbitrator may continue to serve until a successor  
29 is appointed, but in no case later than July 1st of the year in which  
30 the arbitrator's term expires.

31 (10) The commission may remove an arbitrator from the roster  
32 through a majority vote. A vacancy on the roster caused by a removal,  
33 a resignation, or another reason must be filled by the commission as  
34 necessary to fill the remainder of the arbitrator's term. A vacancy  
35 on the roster occurring with less than six months remaining in the  
36 arbitrator's term must be filled for the existing term and the  
37 following three-year term.

38 (11) A person appointed to the arbitrator roster under this  
39 section must complete training as developed, implemented, and  
40 required by the executive director. The commission may adopt rules

1 establishing training requirements consistent with this section. The  
2 commission may also establish fees in order to cover the costs of  
3 developing and providing the training. At a minimum, an initial  
4 training must include:

5 (a) At least six hours on the topics of cultural competency,  
6 racism, implicit bias, and recognizing and valuing community  
7 diversity and cultural differences; and

8 (b) At least six hours on topics related to the daily experience  
9 of law enforcement personnel, which may include ride-alongs with on-  
10 duty officers, participation in a citizen's academy conducted by a  
11 law enforcement agency, shoot/don't shoot training provided by a law  
12 enforcement agency, or other activities that provide exposure to the  
13 environments, choices, and judgments required of officers in the  
14 field. For the purposes of this subsection (11)(b), "shoot/don't  
15 shoot training" means an interactive firearms training that simulates  
16 real-world scenarios to train law enforcement personnel on the use of  
17 force.

18 (12) An arbitrator appointed to the roster of arbitrators must  
19 complete the required initial training within six months of the  
20 arbitrator's appointment.

21 (13)(a) The executive director must assign an arbitrator or panel  
22 of arbitrators from the roster to each law enforcement personnel  
23 grievance arbitration under this section on rotation through the  
24 roster alphabetically ordered by last name.

25 (i) If the arbitrator is unable to hear the case within three  
26 months from the request for an arbitrator, the executive director  
27 must appoint the next arbitrator from the roster alphabetically.

28 (ii) If an arbitrator has a conflict of interest that may  
29 reasonably be expected to materially impact the arbitrator's  
30 impartiality, the arbitrator must disclose such conflict to the  
31 executive director. The executive director may determine whether the  
32 conflict merits assigning the next arbitrator on the roster. Either  
33 party may petition the executive director to have an assigned  
34 arbitrator removed due to a conflict of interest that may reasonably  
35 be expected to materially impact the arbitrator's impartiality. If  
36 their petition is granted by the executive director, the executive  
37 director must assign the next arbitrator or panel of arbitrators on  
38 the roster.

1 (b) The arbitrator or panel of arbitrators shall decide the  
2 disciplinary grievance, and the decision is binding subject to the  
3 provisions of chapter 7.04A RCW.

4 (c) The parties may not participate in, negotiate for, or agree  
5 to the selection of an arbitrator or arbitration panel under this  
6 section. Employers and law enforcement personnel, through their  
7 certified exclusive bargaining representatives, do not have the right  
8 to negotiate for or agree to a collective bargaining agreement or a  
9 grievance arbitration selection procedure that is inconsistent with  
10 this section, if the collective bargaining agreement provides for  
11 arbitration as a means of resolving grievances for disciplinary  
12 actions, discharges, or terminations.

13 (14) The commission must post law enforcement grievance  
14 arbitration decisions made under this section on its website within  
15 30 days of the date the grievance arbitration decision is made, with  
16 names of grievants and witnesses redacted.

17 (15) The arbitrator selection procedure for law enforcement  
18 grievance arbitrations established under this section supersedes any  
19 inconsistent provisions in any other chapter governing employee  
20 relations and collective bargaining for law enforcement personnel.

21 **Sec. 2.** RCW 41.56.122 and 2019 c 230 s 11 are each amended to  
22 read as follows:

23 ((A)) Subject to section 1 of this act, a collective bargaining  
24 agreement may provide for binding arbitration of a labor dispute  
25 arising from the application or the interpretation of the matters  
26 contained in a collective bargaining agreement.

27 **Sec. 3.** RCW 41.56.125 and 1975 1st ex.s. 296 s 23 are each  
28 amended to read as follows:

29 ((~~1A~~)) Except for law enforcement personnel grievance  
30 arbitrations subject to section 1 of this act, in addition to any  
31 other method for selecting arbitrators, the parties may request the  
32 public employment relations commission to, and the commission shall,  
33 appoint a qualified person who may be an employee of the commission  
34 to act as an arbitrator to assist in the resolution of a labor  
35 dispute between such public employer and such bargaining  
36 representative arising from the application of the matters contained  
37 in a collective bargaining agreement. The arbitrator shall conduct  
38 such arbitration of such dispute in a manner as provided for in the

1 collective bargaining agreement: PROVIDED, That the commission shall  
2 not collect any fees or charges from such public employer or such  
3 bargaining representative for services performed by the commission  
4 under the provisions of this chapter: PROVIDED FURTHER, That the  
5 provisions of chapter 49.08 RCW shall have no application to this  
6 chapter.

7 **Sec. 4.** RCW 41.56.905 and 1983 c 287 s 5 are each amended to  
8 read as follows:

9 The provisions of this chapter are intended to be additional to  
10 other remedies and shall be liberally construed to accomplish their  
11 purpose. Except as provided in RCW 53.18.015 and section 1 of this  
12 act, if any provision of this chapter conflicts with any other  
13 statute, ordinance, rule or regulation of any public employer, the  
14 provisions of this chapter shall control.

15 **Sec. 5.** RCW 36.65.050 and 1984 c 91 s 5 are each amended to read  
16 as follows:

17 (~~¶~~) Subject to the requirements of RCW 41.56.100 and section 1  
18 of this act, if the city-county government includes a fire protection  
19 or law enforcement unit that was, prior to the formation of the city-  
20 county, governed by a state statute providing for binding arbitration  
21 in collective bargaining, then the entire fire protection or law  
22 enforcement unit of the city-county shall be governed by that  
23 statute.

24 **Sec. 6.** RCW 41.80.020 and 2015 3rd sp.s. c 1 s 318 are each  
25 amended to read as follows:

26 (1) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the matters  
27 subject to bargaining include wages, hours, and other terms and  
28 conditions of employment, and the negotiation of any question arising  
29 under a collective bargaining agreement.

30 (2) The employer is not required to bargain over matters  
31 pertaining to:

32 (a) Health care benefits or other employee insurance benefits,  
33 except as required in subsection (3) of this section;

34 (b) Any retirement system or retirement benefit; or

35 (c) Rules of the director of financial management, the director  
36 of enterprise services, or the Washington personnel resources board  
37 adopted under RCW 41.06.157.



1           (3) Matters subject to bargaining include the number of names to  
2 be certified for vacancies, promotional preferences, and the dollar  
3 amount expended on behalf of each employee for health care benefits.  
4 However, except as provided otherwise in this subsection for  
5 institutions of higher education, negotiations regarding the number  
6 of names to be certified for vacancies, promotional preferences, and  
7 the dollar amount expended on behalf of each employee for health care  
8 benefits shall be conducted between the employer and one coalition of  
9 all the exclusive bargaining representatives subject to this chapter.  
10 The exclusive bargaining representatives for employees that are  
11 subject to chapter 47.64 RCW shall bargain the dollar amount expended  
12 on behalf of each employee for health care benefits with the employer  
13 as part of the coalition under this subsection. Any such provision  
14 agreed to by the employer and the coalition shall be included in all  
15 master collective bargaining agreements negotiated by the parties.  
16 For institutions of higher education, promotional preferences and the  
17 number of names to be certified for vacancies shall be bargained  
18 under the provisions of RCW 41.80.010(4). For agreements covering the  
19 2013-2015 fiscal biennium, any agreement between the employer and the  
20 coalition regarding the dollar amount expended on behalf of each  
21 employee for health care benefits is a separate agreement and shall  
22 not be included in the master collective bargaining agreements  
23 negotiated by the parties.

24           (4) The employer and the exclusive bargaining representative  
25 shall not agree to any proposal that would prevent the implementation  
26 of approved affirmative action plans or that would be inconsistent  
27 with the comparable worth agreement that provided the basis for the  
28 salary changes implemented beginning with the 1983-1985 biennium to  
29 achieve comparable worth.

30           (5) The employer and the exclusive bargaining representative  
31 shall not bargain over matters pertaining to management rights  
32 established in RCW 41.80.040.

33           (6) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, if a conflict  
34 exists between an executive order, administrative rule, or agency  
35 policy relating to wages, hours, and terms and conditions of  
36 employment and a collective bargaining agreement negotiated under  
37 this chapter, the collective bargaining agreement shall prevail. A  
38 provision of a collective bargaining agreement that conflicts with  
39 the terms of a statute is invalid and unenforceable.

1 (7) This section does not prohibit bargaining that affects  
2 contracts authorized by RCW 41.06.142.

3 (8) Section 1 of this act applies to uniformed personnel.

4 **Sec. 7.** RCW 41.56.030 and 2020 c 298 s 1 and 2020 c 289 s 1 are  
5 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

6 As used in this chapter:

7 (1) "Adult family home provider" means a provider as defined in  
8 RCW 70.128.010 who receives payments from the medicaid and state-  
9 funded long-term care programs.

10 (2) "Bargaining representative" means any lawful organization  
11 which has as one of its primary purposes the representation of  
12 employees in their employment relations with employers.

13 (3) "Child care subsidy" means a payment from the state through a  
14 child care subsidy program established pursuant to RCW 74.12.340, 45  
15 C.F.R. Sec. 98.1 through 98.17, or any successor program.

16 (4) "Collective bargaining" means the performance of the mutual  
17 obligations of the public employer and the exclusive bargaining  
18 representative to meet at reasonable times, to confer and negotiate  
19 in good faith, and to execute a written agreement with respect to  
20 grievance procedures, subject to section 1 of this act, and  
21 collective negotiations on personnel matters, including wages, hours,  
22 and working conditions, which may be peculiar to an appropriate  
23 bargaining unit of such public employer, except that by such  
24 obligation neither party shall be compelled to agree to a proposal or  
25 be required to make a concession unless otherwise provided in this  
26 chapter.

27 (5) "Commission" means the public employment relations  
28 commission.

29 (6) "Executive director" means the executive director of the  
30 commission.

31 (7) "Family child care provider" means a person who: (a) Provides  
32 regularly scheduled care for a child or children in the home of the  
33 provider or in the home of the child or children for periods of less  
34 than twenty-four hours or, if necessary due to the nature of the  
35 parent's work, for periods equal to or greater than twenty-four  
36 hours; (b) receives child care subsidies; and (c) under chapter  
37 43.216 RCW, is either licensed by the state or is exempt from  
38 licensing.

1 (8) "Fish and wildlife officer" means a fish and wildlife officer  
2 as defined in RCW 77.08.010 who ranks below lieutenant and includes  
3 officers, detectives, and sergeants of the department of fish and  
4 wildlife.

5 (9) "Individual provider" means an individual provider as defined  
6 in RCW 74.39A.240(3) who, solely for the purposes of collective  
7 bargaining, is a public employee as provided in RCW 74.39A.270.

8 (10) "Institution of higher education" means the University of  
9 Washington, Washington State University, Central Washington  
10 University, Eastern Washington University, Western Washington  
11 University, The Evergreen State College, and the various state  
12 community colleges.

13 (11)(a) "Language access provider" means any independent  
14 contractor who provides spoken language interpreter services, whether  
15 paid by a broker, language access agency, or the respective  
16 department:

17 (i) For department of social and health services appointments,  
18 department of children, youth, and families appointments, medicaid  
19 enrollee appointments, or who provided these services on or after  
20 January 1, 2011, and before June 10, 2012;

21 (ii) For department of labor and industries authorized medical  
22 and vocational providers who provided these services on or after  
23 January 1, 2019; or

24 (iii) For state agencies who provided these services on or after  
25 January 1, 2019.

26 (b) "Language access provider" does not mean a manager or  
27 employee of a broker or a language access agency.

28 (12) "Public employee" means any employee of a public employer  
29 except any person (a) elected by popular vote, or (b) appointed to  
30 office pursuant to statute, ordinance or resolution for a specified  
31 term of office as a member of a multimember board, commission, or  
32 committee, whether appointed by the executive head or body of the  
33 public employer, or (c) whose duties as deputy, administrative  
34 assistant or secretary necessarily imply a confidential relationship  
35 to (i) the executive head or body of the applicable bargaining unit,  
36 or (ii) any person elected by popular vote, or (iii) any person  
37 appointed to office pursuant to statute, ordinance or resolution for  
38 a specified term of office as a member of a multimember board,  
39 commission, or committee, whether appointed by the executive head or  
40 body of the public employer, or (d) who is a court commissioner or a

1 court magistrate of superior court, district court, or a department  
2 of a district court organized under chapter 3.46 RCW, or (e) who is a  
3 personal assistant to a district court judge, superior court judge,  
4 or court commissioner. For the purpose of (e) of this subsection, no  
5 more than one assistant for each judge or commissioner may be  
6 excluded from a bargaining unit.

7 (13) "Public employer" means any officer, board, commission,  
8 council, or other person or body acting on behalf of any public body  
9 governed by this chapter, or any subdivision of such public body. For  
10 the purposes of this section, the public employer of district court  
11 or superior court employees for wage-related matters is the  
12 respective county legislative authority, or person or body acting on  
13 behalf of the legislative authority, and the public employer for  
14 nonwage-related matters is the judge or judge's designee of the  
15 respective district court or superior court.

16 (14) "Uniformed personnel" means: (a) Law enforcement officers as  
17 defined in RCW 41.26.030 employed by the governing body of any city  
18 or town with a population of two thousand five hundred or more and  
19 law enforcement officers employed by the governing body of any county  
20 with a population of ten thousand or more; (b) correctional employees  
21 who are uniformed and nonuniformed, commissioned and noncommissioned  
22 security personnel employed in a jail as defined in RCW 70.48.020(9),  
23 by a county with a population of seventy thousand or more, in a  
24 correctional facility created under RCW 70.48.095, or in a detention  
25 facility created under chapter 13.40 RCW that is located in a county  
26 with a population over one million five hundred thousand, and who are  
27 trained for and charged with the responsibility of controlling and  
28 maintaining custody of inmates in the jail and safeguarding inmates  
29 from other inmates; (c) general authority Washington peace officers  
30 as defined in RCW 10.93.020 employed by a port district in a county  
31 with a population of one million or more; (d) security forces  
32 established under RCW 43.52.520; (e) firefighters as that term is  
33 defined in RCW 41.26.030; (f) employees of a port district in a  
34 county with a population of one million or more whose duties include  
35 crash fire rescue or other firefighting duties; (g) employees of fire  
36 departments of public employers who dispatch exclusively either fire  
37 or emergency medical services, or both; (h) employees in the several  
38 classes of advanced life support technicians, as defined in RCW  
39 18.71.200, who are employed by a public employer; or (i) court  
40 marshals of any county who are employed by, trained for, and

1 commissioned by the county sheriff and charged with the  
2 responsibility of enforcing laws, protecting and maintaining security  
3 in all county-owned or contracted property, and performing any other  
4 duties assigned to them by the county sheriff or mandated by judicial  
5 order.

6 **Sec. 8.** RCW 41.80.030 and 2002 c 354 s 304 are each amended to  
7 read as follows:

8 (1) The parties to a collective bargaining agreement shall reduce  
9 the agreement to writing and both shall execute it.

10 (2) ((A)) Except as provided in section 1 of this act and RCW  
11 41.80.020, a collective bargaining agreement shall contain provisions  
12 that:

13 (a) Provide for a grievance procedure that culminates with final  
14 and binding arbitration of all disputes arising over the  
15 interpretation or application of the collective bargaining agreement  
16 and that is valid and enforceable under its terms when entered into  
17 in accordance with this chapter; and

18 (b) Require processing of disciplinary actions or terminations of  
19 employment of employees covered by the collective bargaining  
20 agreement entirely under the procedures of the collective bargaining  
21 agreement. Any employee, when fully reinstated, shall be guaranteed  
22 all employee rights and benefits, including back pay, sick leave,  
23 vacation accrual, and retirement and federal old age, survivors, and  
24 disability insurance act credits, but without back pay for any period  
25 of suspension.

26 (3)(a) If a collective bargaining agreement between an employer  
27 and an exclusive bargaining representative is concluded after the  
28 termination date of the previous collective bargaining agreement  
29 between the employer and an employee organization representing the  
30 same bargaining units, the effective date of the collective  
31 bargaining agreement may be the day after the termination of the  
32 previous collective bargaining agreement, and all benefits included  
33 in the new collective bargaining agreement, including wage or salary  
34 increases, may accrue beginning with that effective date.

35 (b) If a collective bargaining agreement between an employer and  
36 an exclusive bargaining representative is concluded after the  
37 termination date of the previous collective bargaining agreement  
38 between the employer and the exclusive bargaining representative  
39 representing different bargaining units, the effective date of the

1 collective bargaining agreement may be the day after the termination  
2 date of whichever previous collective bargaining agreement covering  
3 one or more of the units terminated first, and all benefits included  
4 in the new collective bargaining agreement, including wage or salary  
5 increases, may accrue beginning with that effective date.

Passed by the Senate February 18, 2021.

Passed by the House March 24, 2021.

Approved by the Governor April 7, 2021.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State April 7, 2021.

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